Hethersett Woodside Primary and Nursery School

Helping your child to stay safe and thrive in the modern world



Hethersett Woodside School

Secretary of State Foreword

"Today's children and young people are growing up in an increasingly complex world and living their lives seamlessly on and offline. This presents many positive and exciting opportunities, but also challenges and risks. In this environment children and young people need to know how to manage their academic, personal and social lives in a positive way".



What do you remember about your sex education from school/home?

Our school vision for RSE is....

Relationships and sex education (RSE) is learning about the emotional, social and physical aspects of growing up, relationships and reproduction. It will equip children and young people with accurate information, positive values and the skills to enjoy healthy, safe and positive relationships, to celebrate their uniqueness and to take responsibility for their health and wellbeing now and in the future.

RELATIONSHIPS EDUCATION: Schools will be required to teach...



- •Families and people who care for me
- Caring friendships
- Respectful relationships
- Online relationships
- Being safe

HEALTH EDUCATION

Schools will be required to teach...



Mental wellbeing



Internet safety and harms



Physical health and fitness



Healthy eating



Drugs, alcohol and tobacco



Health and prevention



Basic first aid



Changing adolescent body

Puberty as part of Health Education

Key facts about puberty and the changing adolescent body, particularly from age 9 through to age 11, including physical and emotional changes.

About menstrual wellbeing including the key facts about the menstrual cycle.

Puberty should be covered in Health Education and should be addressed before onset so, as far as possible, pupils are prepared in advance for changes they will experience.



Ensure boys and girls are prepared for changes of adolescence

Draw on knowledge of human life cycle in the NC for science – how a baby is conceived and born

The Department continues to recommend that all primary schools have a sex education programme tailored to the age and the physical and emotional maturity of the pupils.

Reception overview

Year group R

My	My	My	My	My rights and responsibilities	Asking
feelings	body	relationships	beliefs		for help
How feelings are expressed, words to describe feelings and simple strategies for managing feelings.	Basic personal hygiene.	Celebrating similarities and differences.	Likes, dislikes and making choices.	Personal privacy. The right to keep some things private. Respecting other people's privacy.	Special people, what makes them special and how special people care for one another.



Key vocabulary Reception

Feeling

Uncomfortable

Comfortable

Hygiene

Same

Similar

Different

Special

Like

Dislike

Difficult

Private



Year 1 overview



Year group one

My	My	My	My	My rights and responsibilities	Asking
feelings	body	relationships	beliefs		for help
Recognising how others show feelings and how to respond.	Naming the main parts of the body, including external genitalia using scientific terms.	Listening to other people, playing and working cooperatively. Resolving simple arguments through negotiation.	Celebrating similarities and differences between people.	The right to be protected from diseases, and the responsibility to protect others.	The people who look after us. Who to go to if you are worried, and how to attract their attention.



Key vocabulary Year One

Emotions

Feelings

Penis

Vulva

Communication

Similarities

Differences

Disease

Bacteria

Problem

Help



Naming body parts

Anus: The private part of the body where poo comes out

Penis: The private part of a boy where wee comes out

Vulva: The private part of a girl that she wipes when she has had a wee

Year 2 overview

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Year group two

My	My	My	My	My rights and responsibilities	Asking
feelings	body	relationships	beliefs		for help
Recognising and celebrating strengths and achievements. Setting simple but challenging goals.	Growing and changing throughout life.	Understanding that bullying is wrong and unacceptable.	Different families. Understanding there has never been and will never be another them.	Judging what kind of physical contact is acceptable, comfortable and uncomfortable and how to respond.	The difference between secrets and surprises, and the importance of not keeping a secret that makes them fee uncomfortable, worried or afraid



Key vocabulary Year Two

Self esteem

Vagina

Bullying

Unique

Personal space

Privacy

Secret

Surprise



Year 3 overview



Year group three

My feelings	ÇO, +CG → My body	My relationships	My beliefs	My rights and responsibilities	Asking for help
Pupils can identify their strengths and set aspirational goals for themselves, understanding how this contributes to high self- esteem.	Pupils know how their body may change as they grow and develop, how to care for their body and celebrate their uniqueness.	Pupils can recognise a wide range of relationships, including the attributes of positive, healthy relationships.	Pupils can challenge gender stereotypes, understanding that there is not one way to be a boy, or one way to be a girl.	Pupils understand the right to protect their body from unwanted touch.	Pupils can identify the difference between secrets and surprise, knowing when it is right to break confidence and share a secret.



Key vocabulary Year Three

Aspiration

Compliment

Self esteem

Penis

Vulva

Hygiene

Relationship

Gender

Stereotype

Testicles

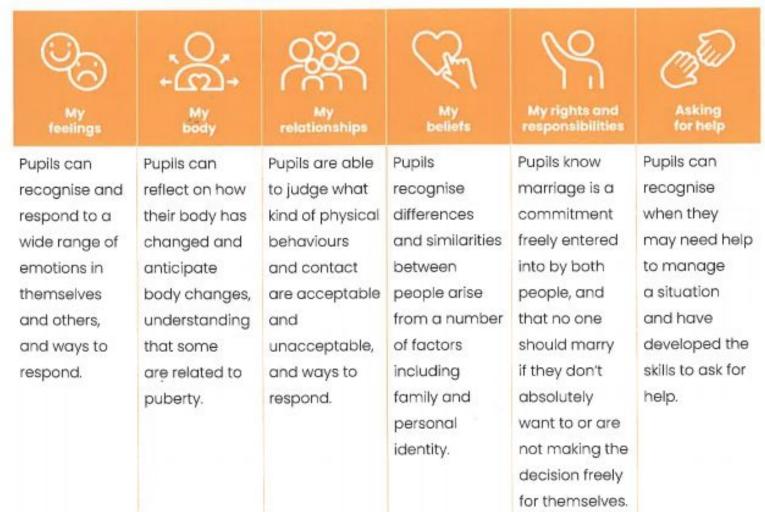
Vagina



Year 4 overview



Year group four



Key vocabulary Year Four

Emotions

Empathy

Foetus

Puberty

Public

Private

Similar

Different

Identity

Marriage

Arranged marriage

Forced marriage

Peer pressure



Year 5 overview



Year group five

My feelings	Ç + G My body	My relationships	My beliefs	My rights and responsibilities	Asking for help
Pupils can anticipate how their emotions may change as they approach and move through puberty.	Pupils can anticipate how their body may change as they approach and move through puberty.	Pupils can identify healthy relationships and recognise the skills to manage and maintain healthy relationships.	Pupils know the correct terms associated with gender identity and sexual orientation, and the unacceptability of homophobic and transphobic bullying.	Pupils have strategies for keeping safe online; knowing personal information including images of themselves and others can be shared without their permission.	Pupils have considered how to manage accidental exposure to explicit images, and upsetting online material, including who to talk about what they have seen.

Key vocabulary Year Five

Puberty

Penis

Erection

Wet dream

Gender

Sex

Intersex

Transgender

Gay

Lesbian

Personal information

Online



Year 6 overview



Year group six

My feelings	ÇQ, +GG→ My body	My relationships	My beliefs	My rights and responsibilities	Asking for help
Pupils can recognise how images in the media, including online do not always reflect reality, and can affect how people feel about themselves.	Pupils can explain what sexual intercourse is and how this leads to reproduction, using the correct terms to describe the male and female organs.	Pupils realise the nature and consequences of discrimination, including the use of prejudice based language.	Pupils know some cultural practices are against British law and universal human rights, including female genital mutilation (FGM).	Pupils have an awareness that infections can be shared during sexual intercourse, and that a condom can help prevent this.	Pupils develop the confidence and skills to know when, who and how to ask for help independently, or with support.

Key vocabulary Year Six

Body image

Sexual intercourse

Conception

Homophobic

Biphobic

Transphobic

Vulva

Clitoris

Circumcision

Female genital mutilation (FGM)

Infection

Sexually transmitted infection

Condom

Problems

Support

Help

Trust



Statutory requirements



Schools have to teach biological aspects of human growth and reproduction within National Curriculum Science.



From September 2020, all schools will have to teach Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education and Health Education.



Equalities Act, 2010



Safeguarding



British Values



Spiritual, Moral, Social and Cultural

Teaching about LGBT



The needs of all pupils must be appropriately met, and that all pupils understand the importance of equality and respect.



LGBT content is fully integrated into the curriculum



All pupils to have been taught LGBT content at a timely point as part of this area of the curriculum

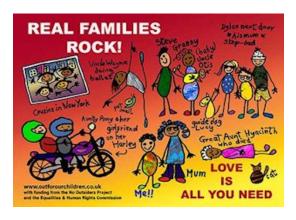


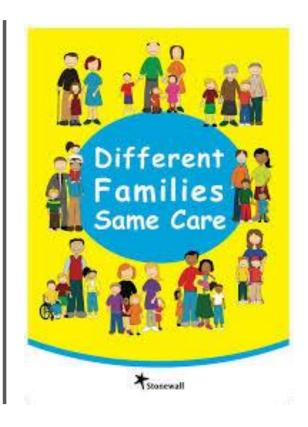
Build a culture through positive action, where homophobia and gender stereotypes are not tolerated.

All pupils feel safe, supported and included in our school.

- "Boys don't like pink"
- "Girls are rubbish at football"
- "That's so gay"
- "Man-up"
- "Don't be such a girl"







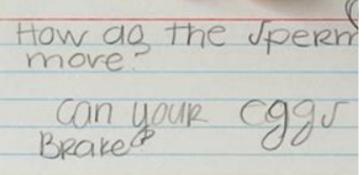
All families are welcome, safe and included in our school

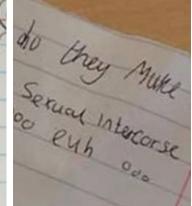
How our school will teach this...

- Each class will create a working agreement so pupils feel comfortable to join in the lessons;
- All teachers will use correct scientific language when talking about parts of the body;
- No pupil will be forced to join in an activity, or answer a question;
- All genders taught together;

- Teachers have been trained to teach these lessons:
- Teachers are unlikely to, and pupils not be asked to share personal experiences;
- All causes for concern raised as a result of the lessons will be dealt with according to the school safeguarding policy.

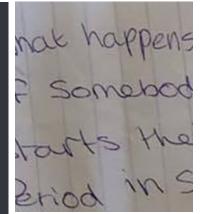
How questions will be answered...







- How does the baby get in?
- How does the baby get out?
- Can two men be in love?
- Will everyone know when I have my period?







Use everyday opportunities

Be calm and relaxed

Really listen

If you would like to discuss the RSHE provision further, please contact us via email.

